Sl.No.M21197

I. Choose the Best Answer :

## VINAYAKA MISSION'S RESEARCH FOUNDATION, SALEM B.Sc(ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES) DEGREE EXAMINATIONS - March 2019 First Year

PHYSICS OF RADIOLOGY, RADIATION PHYSICS & MEDICAL PHYSICS

Three Hours

## **SECTION - A**

## (10 x 1 = 10)

Maximum: 75 marks

1.	What is the maximum monthly radiation exposure dose allowed for the pregnant			
	radiation worker?			
	a. 0.5 mSv b. 1mSv			
	c. 5 mSv d. 50 mSv			
2.	hich type of ionizing radiation will have the LEAST biological effect?			
	a. alpha particles b. fast neutrons			
	c. 25 MeV x-rays d. Diagnostic x-rays			
3.	he radiation protection philosophy that promotes the use of the least amount of			
	radiation possible for medical imaging is termed:			
	a. NCRP b. NRC			
	c. ICRP d. ALARA			
4.	A digital fluoroscopy with a charge coupled device has lower and			
	than conventional fluoroscopy.			
	a. light sensitivity, patient dose b. patient dose, light sensitivity			
	c. detective quantum efficiency, maintenance d. signal-to-noise ratio, patient dose			
5.	Image integration results in			
	a. increased patient dose. b. decreased patient dose.			
	c. decreased contrast resolution. d. increased noise artifact.			
6.	When using the PACS system, is useful for viewing fractures and small,			
	high contrast objects.			
	a. windowing b. edge enhancement			
	c. subtraction d. highlighting			
7.	Teleradiology refers to of images.			
	a. long-term storage b. realtime viewing			
	c. remote transmission d. telephone transmission			
0	-			
8.	erial radiography requires x-ray equipment with a			
	a. large small target angle. b. small anode disk.			
0	c. low heat capacity. d. high power rating.			
9.	e size and construction of the determines the anode heat capacity.			
	a. tube housing b. cathode wire			
10	bearing assembly d. anode disk			
10.	The use of reduces the risk of a drug reaction during interventional and			
	angiographic procedures. a. hydrophilic catheters b. ionic contrast			
	c. nonionic contrast d. heparin coating			

(p.t.o.)

<b>II.</b> Write Short Answers on any FIVE of the following: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$			
11.	Define Non-ionizing Radiation		
12.	Define Half life		
13.	Explain about TLD		
14.	Film badge		
15.	X-ray machine and accessories		
16.	Write short notes on single and double coated film		
17.	Explain about image resolution		
III. Write Short Essays on any TWO of the following: (2 x 10 = 20)			
18.	Write the short notes on production of x-ray		
19.	Radiation safety		
20.	Write working principle of x-ray film processing dark room		
21.	Application of contrast medium		
IV. Write Essays on any ONE of the following: $(1 \times 20 = 20)$			
22.	Write short notes on biological effect of radiation Explain about fluorosco procedures	pic	
22			

23. Write short notes on ultrasound procedures

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